

# A Maturity Model for Assessing Appraisal Readiness for Integrating Al

ACA Virtual Conference 11-13 June 2024

June 12 2024



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# Agenda



CONTEXT



**OBJECTIVES** 



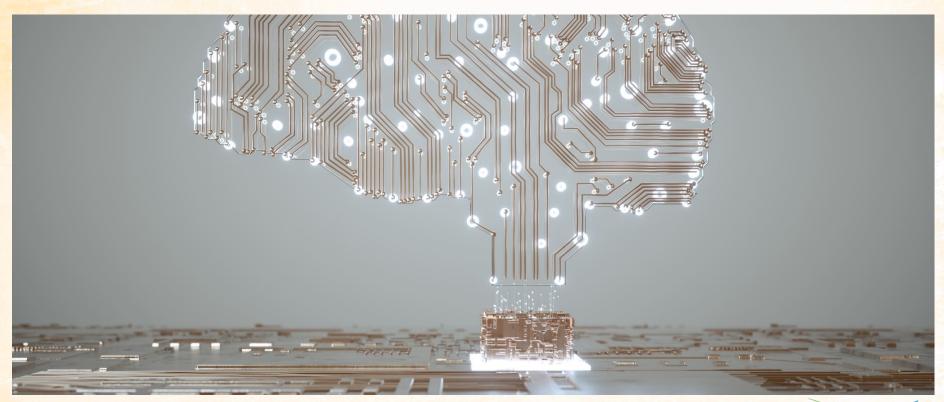
METHODOLOGY



PRELIMINARY RESULTS



### InterPARES Trust AI - Artificial Intelligence







#### 79 Total partners

39 Universities

7 Businesses

**4 Cultural Heritage organizations** 

9 Government agencies/departments

**5 International organizations** 

**15 Archives** 

Over 200 researchers

30 Countries

50 Student research assistants 2 post docs based at UBC



## InterPARES Trust AI (2021-2026)

InterPARES Trust AI (2021-2026) is a multi-national interdisciplinary project

#### The I Trust AI goals are to:

- 1. Identify specific AI technologies that can address critical records and archives challenges;
- 2. Determine the benefits and risks of using AI technologies on records and archives;
- 3. Ensure that archival concepts and principles inform the development of responsible AI; and
- 4. Validate outcomes from Objective 3 through case studies and demonstrations.

see: InterPARES Trust AI - Artificial Intelligence





« Appraisal for managing records is the recurrent process of evaluating business activities to determine which records need to be created and captured as well as how and how long the records need to be kept.»

(ISO/TR 21946:2018, p. v)



# Maturity Assessment for Appraisal in the Al Age (2023-2025)

The study aims to identify the archival, technical, technological, cultural, and strategical barriers and facilitators to effectively apply AI tools for appraisal processes.

This study will develop a model to assess the appraisal readiness for Al

- consistency and reproducibility of appraisal decisions
- Requirements for integrating AI into a given appraisal practice
- Maturity of data and archives processing for automatic and/or "smart" appraisal
- Complementary actions for improving appraisal practices to integrate AI

Dr. Basma Makhlouf Shabou Maturity Assessment for Appraisal in the AI Age (AA02)



### **Methodology**



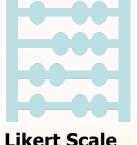


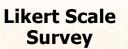
**Qualitative** 













**Case studies** 

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### Literature Review



#### Australia

#### Appraisal & records continuum

• Investigating the possibilities of artificial intelligence for archival appraisal



#### Canada

 Development of an integrated, cross-cutting approach to appraisal that reconciles macro and micro appraisal



#### France

- Exploration and analysis tools to facilitate appraisal, such as ArchiFiltre
- Project to develop the automation of the transfer of intermediate archives in electronic archiving solutions such as VITAM or EDITIC



#### Germany

• Combination of two approaches to appraisal: one vertical (administrative hierarchy) and one horizontal (between administrative units)



#### Netherlands

 Reflection to develop a Green Archiving Model based on three pillars, two of which are linked to appraisal: Archival Retention Levels (ARL) and Information Value Chain (IVC)



#### South Korea

 Analysis of foreign appraisal policies (AU, CA, UK, USA) to revise the appraisal strategy of Korean public archives



#### Sweden

 Research to develop a coherent model for digital records appraisal



#### Switzerland

- Development of a forward-looking approach to appraisal for specialized applications within the federal government
- Archiselect at Neuchatel State archives



#### United Kingdom

- Development of exploration and analysis tools to facilitate appraisal, such as DROID
- Investigating the possibilities of artificial intelligence for archival appraisal at UK National Archives



#### USA

 New evaluation approaches, such as the incorporation of Big Data in the appraisal of ESI (Electronically stored content), business process analysis (BPA) or digital forensics







Based on an initial model developped with State archives of Wallis\_Switzerland (2022-2023)



Scientific consultation and validation





Professional feedbacks











**Archives** Nationales de Luxembourg





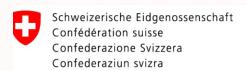


Archives fédérales suisses



Genève

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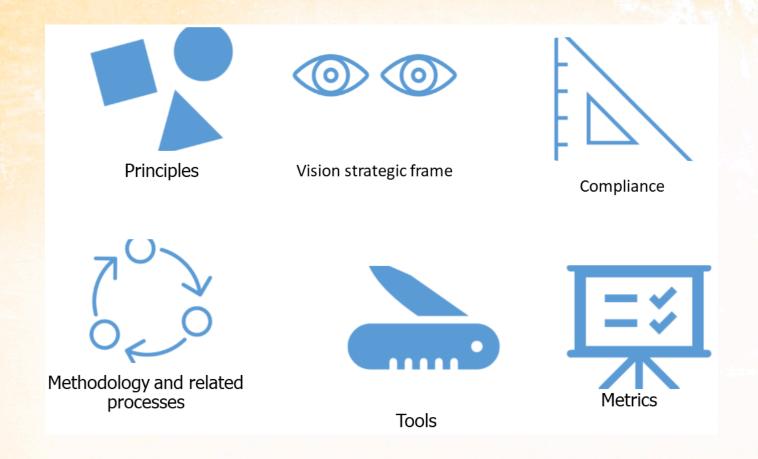


#### **Test Protocol** Objective This Excel questionnaire aims to explore the level of maturity with archival appraisal metrics. **Process** Three steps needed for the realization of this test. 1. Before the test: each institution should perform the following tasks \* Selection of repondents: archivists (or comparable profile) with good knowledge and experience of archival appraisal processes, criteria and tools (+/- 5 years experience). \* Time to complete: this test could take the archivist about 2 to 3 hours to complete; 2. The test: \* Complete the columns J, K and L on the worksheet "Model" \* <u>J column</u> is your institution's maturity assessment. For each metrics you will provide the level-found, your analysis, your sources supporting your answer and potential recommendations to improve your maturity. \* Columns K and L are used to evaluate the relevance of the criteria presented. This allows you to give us feedback on them. 3. After the test: \* Once finalized, please submit your form on the link below (the file will be stored in Switzerland and your data will be treated confidentially): https://drive.switch.ch/index.php/s/IGZEJzPckCRWMGw Some issue with the file? You can find the original file with this link (will expire on Nov. 23): https://hessoit-my.sharepoint.com/:x:/g/personal/aimee\_noirjean\_hes-so\_ch/Ed-

OikXJmD5FvJ4lgGILUpgB084DSsLRPlCqUu8GT\_h7ZA?e=Z419UU











#### Principles

- 1. Accessibility
- 2.Life cycle
- 3. Respect of funds
- 4. Multidimensionality
- 5.Centrality of value
- 6. Contemporaneity
- 7. Sustainability (ecological and chronological sustainability)
- 8. Reappraisal
- 9. Prospecting
- Inclusivity / documentary diversity

#### Vision

- 1.Policy
- 2.Adequacy with the different jurisdictional levels
- 3. Appropriateness with audiences
- 4. Consideration of trends, innovative approaches and good practices

#### Compliance

- 1.Legal compliance
- 2. Regulatory compliance
- 3. Administrative compliance
- 4. Normative compliance

#### Methodology

- 1. Appraisal process
- 2. Reappraisal process
- 3.Long term preservation
- 4. Disposal process

#### Tools

- 1.Document identification tool
- 2.Content identification tool
- 3. Vital records tool
- 4.Information assets identification tool
- 5.Retention and disposition tools
- 6. Profiling tools

#### Criteria

- 1. Preservation
- 2.Sampling
- 3. Disposal
- 4. Digitation
- 5. Disclosure

#### 6 dimensions and 5 levels for progression

Non-existent

2

In development

3

Satisfying

4

Avanced

5

reproductible and/or automatic

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### AI potential tools

Prof. Dr Basma Makhlouf Shabou: basma.makhlouf-shabou@hesge.ch V. 05.04.2023								
Axes	Measurement items Description		1	2	3	4	5	
Principles	Accessibility	The appraisal promotes, as far as possible, the opening of data and archives and contributes to their sharing and communicability.	The appraisal does not take into account the accessibility of data and archives (and therefore does not contribute to their sharing and communicability).	The appraisal considers accessibility (openness of data and archives), but communicability is not sufficiently established.	The appraisal is satisfactory because it allows the opening of data and archives (transparency).	The appraisal is advanced: it takes into account the opening of data and archives and contributes to their sharing and communicability.	The appraisal is in application: it takes into account the opening of data and archives, contributes to their sharing and communicability with regular updates.	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Lifecycle	Retention periods and final disposition are articulated according to a life cycle starting from creation/capture. The lifespan of the data and archives as well as the different major actions should be predefined.	1	The consideration of the Efe such in the a reter accor	consider sal is sat a and the	videration anced: th are pred	The life cycle consideration is the appraisal in in atom: the lefined at tition, ret	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Respect de fonds	The appraisal focuses on the composition and/or completeness of a collection and on increasing its usability.	Lack of respect de fonds in the	The take	xploitation are sa' stactory (clear gui telir es)	The consideration of the respect de fonds during the availation and its lotential of availability are inced: the guideli	appraisal and s potential of exploitability are in plication: cler(rly c	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Multi-dimensionality	The evaluator bases himself on the extrinsic (use and creation) and intrinsic (content, aesthetic value, etc.) dimensions, which are combined and evaluated in a balanced and pragmatic way.	Non-existent La of multidimensionality in the	developme Multidimensi nal appraisal is under	Satisfyi The appraisal is multic mensional but it is not balance.	Multi mensional appra to the advanced it is balanced and balanced and balanced and balanced it is advanced it is	multidimensional automatic	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Centrality of value	The life cycle and its elements are based on the concept of value.	Absence of value centrality in the life cycle and its elements		The consideration of value centrality in the life cycle and its elements is satisfactory (if is well motivated).	The consideration of value centrality in the life cycle and its elements is advanced because it is well documented.	The consideration of the centrality of value in the life cycle and its elements is in application: it is widely documented in the selection criteria.	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Contemporaneity	The evaluator bases himself on the context of creation and use and the value scale of that time. In this way, he or she controls his or her judgement, opinions and perception and strives for objectivity.	Lack of consideration of contemporaneity in the appraisal	The evaluator's consideration of contemporaneity is under development.	The consideration of contemporaneity is satisfactory: the evaluator takes into account the context of creation, use and scale of value of that time, but is not objective in his judgment, opinions and perception.	The consideration of contemporaneity is advanced the evaluator takes into account the context of creation, use and scale of value of that time and remains objective in his judgment, his opinions and his perception.	the evaluator takes into account the context of creation, use and scale of value of that time, remains objective in	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Sustainability (ecological and perennial)	The evaluator stipulates his decisions by estimating the ecological impact of these decisions. In this respect, the evaluator is led to respect the balance between his technological and ecological needs and ambitions. This principle also echoes medium and long-term conservation schemes.	Lack of consideration of ecological sustainability and durability in the appraisal	The consideration of ecological sustainability and durability is under development.	The evaluator takes into account ecological sustainability and durability, but does not respect the balance between needs, technological ambitions and ecological ethics.	The evaluator takes into account the ecological sustainability and durability while respecting the balance between its needs, technological ambitions and ecological ethics.	The evaluator takes into account ecological sustainability and durability, respects the balance between needs, technological ambitions and ecological ethics. All this on the basis of clearly defined and regularly adapted guidelines.	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation
	Revaluation	The appraisal and its tools are subject to review and adjustment.  Decisions on conservation and/or disposal can be reviewed as necessary.	No reappraisal	Reappraisal is ad hoc or under development.	Reappraisal is satisfactory because it is documented (existence of guidelines) and carried out in a timely manner.	Reappraisal is advanced because it is documented (existence of clear guidelines) and carried out in a systematic way.	Reappraisal is in place: it is documented and systematic, guidelines are regularly reviewed, and the process is potentially automatable.	Level found : Analysis : Source(s): Recommendation



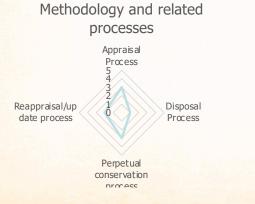
# **MMA Application**

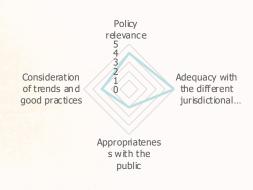
Vision and Strategic Framework

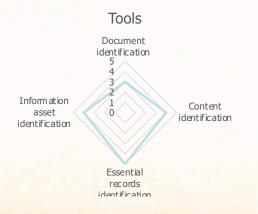
#### Accessibility Inclusiveness/d Lifecycle iversity Respect de Prospecting fonds 0 Multidimension Reappraisal ality

Principles

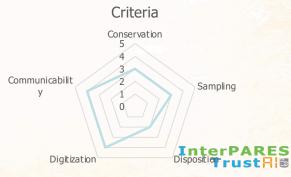












- 1) systematic literature review to better understand the state of progress of practices on the principles, automation tools and AI technologies applied to the processing of archives. (advanced)
- 2) the MAA is designed in six dimensions. For each subdimensions and measurements are defined, pretested in the context of State archives of Wallis in Switzerland. MAA and its related metrics are tested to verify its feasibility, its coherence, and the accuracy of related measures. (completed)
- 3) The tested MAA was translated from <u>French to Spanish</u>, <u>Portuguese</u>, <u>and English t</u>o allow its testing widely in different archival context. (advanced)
- 4) Consultation using Likert scale questionnaire with professionals and academics to explore their agreement level with the MAA dimensions and their measurements (advanced).
- 5) <u>Case studies</u> based on tested MAA in different context with different languages (French, Portuguese, English) (advanced).
- 6) Using the results of literature and based on AI specialist of the study we will suggest technical, ethical recommendations and specific actions to support the potential integration of AI tools. Recommendations will be designed for each of six dimensions of the developed MAA. (initiated).
  - Completed: 100% of tasks are completed;
  - advanced: 80% of tasks are completed;
  - initiated: 20% of tasks are completed.







# Thank you!

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How good your archival appraisal is?